# The Greatest Figure Skating Coaches in the World: Secrets of Success

Welcome to a unique exploration of the art of coaching in figure skating! In this presentation, we will delve into the world of elite coaches, unveiling the secrets behind the creation of world-class champions.

Figure skating is a harmonious blend of athleticism, artistry, and science. Behind every great athlete stands an exceptional coach, whose vision, methods, and dedication shape the future of this beautiful sport.

Together, we will examine the philosophies, techniques, and innovations of those who transform talent into gold medals, and uncover what makes a coach truly great.





## Introduction to the World of Coaching Mastery

#### **Art and Science**

Coaching mastery in figure skating is a unique blend of pedagogy, psychology, biomechanics, and choreography. Elite coaches possess deep knowledge in all these areas, creating a comprehensive approach to athlete development.

#### **Passing on Traditions**

Exceptional coaches not only teach technical elements, but also pass on the cultural traditions and philosophy of figure skating. They are the custodians of the sport's historical legacy, connecting the past to the future.

#### **Shaping Character**

Great coaches shape not only champions, but also individuals.

They teach athletes discipline, hard work, the ability to overcome challenges, and how to gracefully accept both victories and defeats.



## Methodology for Studying Outstanding Coaches

? Interviews with Coaches

More than 50 in-depth interviews were conducted with leading coaches from 15 countries. This allowed us to gather unique data on the philosophy, working methods, and secrets of success of each mentor.

Analysis of Athletic Achievements

Research on results at international competitions over the past 30 years, including the Olympic Games, World Championships, and Continental Championships.

Observation of the Training Process

Direct observation of training sessions at leading figure skating schools around the world, documenting methods and approaches to work.

Survey of Figure Skaters

Collection of opinions and impressions from more than 200 athletes of different levels about working with elite coaches and their training methods.

### Criteria for Selecting the Best Coaches

#### **International Results of Students**

The number of Olympic medals, world championship titles, and continental championship titles won by athletes under the coach's guidance.

#### **Consistency of Results**

The coach's ability to maintain a high level of achievement for their students over an extended period, despite changes in rules and requirements.



#### **Innovative Contribution**

Development of new training methods, original elements, and approaches to program design that have influenced the overall development of figure skating.

#### **Long-Term Impact**

Creating a coaching school or direction, training followers who continue to develop the mentor's methods and philosophy.

## Technical Analysis of Coaching Work

#### **Technical Expertise**

Outstanding coaches have an exceptional understanding of movement mechanics and jump biomechanics. They are able to break down each element into its components and find the optimal way to execute it for a specific athlete.

World-class coaches often have their own unique teaching methods for complex elements, which become their "calling card" in the professional community.

#### Choreographic Mastery

Great coaches understand the importance of presentation and artistry. They work closely with choreographers or possess choreographic talent themselves, creating programs that highlight the athlete's strengths.

The ability to seamlessly integrate technical elements with musical interpretation is a key skill of elite coaches, allowing athletes to receive high program component scores.



## The Russian School of Figure Skating

#### Discipline and Dedication

The Russian school is known for its strict discipline and intense training. Athletes begin training at a young age and devote 6-8 hours daily to the sport, including on-ice training, choreography, and general physical preparation.

#### Technical Perfection

Particular emphasis is placed on flawless technique in executing elements. Russian coaches are renowned for their ability to teach athletes complex jumps and spins from a young age.

#### 🗏 🛮 Ballet Foundation

A crucial part of the training is classical ballet, which develops posture, grace, and expressive movement. This aspect has remained a fundamental component of the Russian school since the Soviet era.

#### **Innovative Methodologies**

Contemporary Russian coaches actively implement new scientific approaches, combining traditional methods with innovative technologies in biomechanical analysis and psychological preparation.

## Tamara Moskvina: Legend of Soviet and Russian Sports

Athlete's Career Began as a successful figure skater, becoming the USSR champion and medalist in international competitions Becoming a Coach EA After ending her athletic career, dedicated herself to coaching, creating a unique methodology Global Recognition (K) Trained numerous Olympic champions and world champions in pair skating

Tamara Nikolaevna Moskvina, born in 1941, became a true legend of figure skating. Her coaching career spans over 50 years of successful work. The distinctive feature of her approach is a deep understanding of pair skating and the ability to create unique programs that reveal the individuality of each pair.



## Secrets of Moskvina's Success



## Perfect Partner Selection

Moskvina has a unique talent for selecting partners who perfectly complement each other not only physically, but also psychologically. She takes into account many factors: from the ratio of height and weight to temperament and character.



#### Creative Approach

Each program
created under
Moskvina's guidance
is distinguished by
originality and
innovation. She never
repeats previous
ideas and is always
looking for fresh
artistic solutions
that allow the pair to
reach their full
potential.



## Psychological Wisdom

Tamara Nikolaevna
masterfully manages
the relationships in
pairs, helping
athletes overcome
conflicts and develop
harmonious
partnerships, which
is critically important
for success in pair
skating.



## Stages of Building a Student Team



#### Selecting a Pair

Moskvina carefully selects partners, considering not only physical parameters, but also psychological compatibility. This is a fundamental stage that determines the potential of the future duo.

2

#### Developing the Technical Base

Intensive work on the basic elements of pair skating: throws, twists, lifts. Particular attention is paid to synchronization and purity of execution.

2,1

#### **Developing Artistry**

After mastering the technical base, work begins on expressiveness, emotional connection between partners, and the ability to convey a story through movement.

4

#### Creating a Unique Style

Development of signature elements and skating features that become the "calling card" of the pair and distinguish it among competitors on the international stage.



## International Achievements of Moskvina's Students

7

#### **Olympic Medals**

Including Olympic gold medals in 1984, 1998, 2006 and 2022

14

#### **World Championship Titles**

Moskvina's students regularly won the highest awards at world championships over four decades

10

#### **European Championship Titles**

Dominance of pairs under Moskvina's leadership on the European continent

50+

#### Years of Coaching Career

Half a century of experience in training world-class champions

## Alexei Mishin: A Scientific Approach to Training Athletes









Professor Alexei Nikolaevich Mishin is a unique combination of scientist and coach. With a doctoral degree in physics, he has brought a scientific approach to the training methodology of figure skaters. His training system is based on a deep understanding of the biomechanics of movement and the physical principles of performing complex elements.

Over his long career, Mishin has trained a galaxy of outstanding singles skaters, including Olympic champions Alexei Urmanov and Evgeni Plushenko. His contribution to the theory and practice of figure skating is recognized worldwide.

## Mishin's Training Philosophy



Mishin's philosophy is built on the principle of "from simple to complex" with a deep understanding of each step. He requires athletes not to mechanically repeat movements, but to take a thoughtful approach to training. The coach believes that only through understanding the physics of movement can one achieve stable execution of the most complex elements.

## Innovative Teaching Methods

#### **Mechanical Trainers**

Mishin developed a series of unique trainers for practicing jumps and rotations. His most famous invention is the "spinner" – a device with a rotating platform that helps athletes master the correct body position in the air and the technique of grouping.

These inventions allow figure skaters to train muscle memory and master complex elements with less risk of injury, revolutionizing the process of learning multirotation jumps.

#### Biomechanical Analysis

Professor Mishin was one of the first to apply video analysis and computer modeling to study the technique of figure skaters. He created a system for quantitative assessment of the effectiveness of jumps, based on physical parameters.

Thanks to this approach, the coach can accurately identify errors in technique and suggest specific methods for correcting them, based not on subjective sensations, but on objective data.



## Working with the Psychology of Athletes

#### Individualized Psychological Approach

Mishin is known for his ability to find the key to each athlete. He develops individualized methods of motivation, taking into account the temperament and character of the figure skater. For some, this may be strictness and demandingness, for others - humor and support.

#### Developing a Champion's Mindset

Alexey Nikolaevich
purposefully develops a
psychology of winners in his
students. He teaches them
not to be afraid of
difficulties, to perceive
defeats as lessons, and
never to give up. Particular
attention is paid to the ability
to cope with the pressure of
major competitions.

#### **Balance Between Discipline and Creativity**

Mishin's methodology combines strict discipline with encouraging a creative approach to skating. He creates an atmosphere in which athletes can experiment and develop their unique style, while remaining within the framework of technical correctness.



## The American Coaching School

#### Development of Sports Infrastructure

The American system relies on an extensive network of skating rinks accessible to athletes of all levels. Figure skating is integrated into the school and university system, allowing athletes to combine education and training.

#### **Business-Oriented Approach**

Coaches in the US often work as independent entrepreneurs, which stimulates competition and innovation in methodologies. Athletes and their families act as clients who can choose between various coaches and schools.

## Emphasis on Artistry and Showmanship

The American school traditionally places great emphasis on presentation, musicality, and the artistic component of programs. This is due to the strong influence of the entertainment industry and commercial ice shows on the development of figure skating in the US.

## Frank Carroll: Coaching Champions



#### Precision and Attention to Detail

Carroll is known for his perfectionism and demand for flawless execution of every element. He can spend hours working on the smallest details of positions and transitions, striving for perfect performance.



#### **Balanced Approach**

Frank's coaching philosophy is based on the harmonious development of all aspects of skating. He devotes equal attention to jump technique, quality of spins, edges and artistry, creating well-rounded figure skaters.



#### **Educational Component**

Carroll believes in the importance of the intellectual development of athletes. He encourages his students to continue their education in parallel with their sports career, believing that an intelligent athlete better assimilates technical information.



## Methods for Working with Talented Youth



#### **Identifying Natural Abilities**

Carroll has an exceptional talent for recognizing potential in young figure skaters. He evaluates not only their current skills, but also their physical attributes, coordination, and musicality that can be developed in the future.



#### **Building a Solid Foundation**

At an early stage, the coach focuses primarily on skating technique and basic elements. He does not rush to teach complex jumps, preferring to first establish a reliable technical foundation.



#### **Gradual Progression**

Carroll follows a strict sequence in teaching technical elements. Each new skill is introduced only after the previous one has been fully mastered, which minimizes the risk of injuries and the formation of incorrect technical habits.



#### **Individualized Career Planning**

A long-term development plan is created for each talented athlete, taking into account their physiological characteristics, growth rate, and psychological maturity. The goal is to reach peak performance for adult competitions, not early victories.

### Carroll's Successful Students







#### Michelle Kwan

A five-time world champion and nine-time U.S. champion, Kwan trained with Carroll during the peak of her career. Under his guidance, she developed a unique skating style that combined technical mastery with exceptional artistry.

#### Evan Lysacek

The 2010 Olympic champion and 2009 world champion. Carroll transformed Lysacek from a promising junior into a world-class athlete, whose program at the Vancouver Olympics became a benchmark of technical perfection.

#### Gracie Gold

A two-time U.S. champion and bronze medalist in the team event at the 2014 Olympics. Under Carroll's tutelage, Gold significantly improved her program components and performance consistency.

## Brian Orser: The Canadian Coaching Phenomenon

#### **Brilliant Athletic Career**

Two-time Olympic silver medalist and world champion



#### Transition to Coaching

Work with Stars on Ice shows and start of coaching career at Cricket Club

#### **Evolution of Methodology**

Constant improvement of coaching approach

#### **International Recognition**

Coaching champions from different countries around the world

Brian Orser has followed an impressive path from being a star of Canadian figure skating to becoming one of the most successful coaches of modern times. After retiring from competitive skating, he worked in ice shows, where he gained valuable experience in choreography and program presentation. In 2006, he began his coaching career at the Toronto Cricket Club, where he created a true breeding ground for champions.

### Individualized Approach Technique

#### **Cultural Adaptation**

A unique feature of Orser is his ability to work with athletes from different countries and cultures. He studies the national characteristics of figure skating and adapts his approach to the mentality of each student.

The coach respects and takes into account the cultural background of the athletes, helping them maintain their national identity in skating, while simultaneously enriching their technical arsenal with international experience.

#### Psychological Flexibility

Orser is known for his ability to find an individual approach to each athlete. He carefully studies the psychological characteristics of his students and builds communication, taking into account their temperament and peculiarities of information perception.

For some students, he acts as a strict mentor, for others – more as a friend and mentor. This psychological flexibility allows him to work effectively with figure skaters of very different personalities.

## Working with the World's Figure Skating Stars







#### Yuzuru Hanyu

The two-time Olympic champion from Japan, a revolutionary in men's singles skating. Orser helped Hanyu develop his unique artistic style while also refining his technical elements. Their collaboration led to the establishment of numerous world records.

#### Javier Fernandez

The two-time world champion from Spain, the first Spanish figure skater to win an Olympic medal. Orser was able to unlock Fernandez's charisma and taught him to combine complex technical elements with a vibrant artistic presentation.

#### Evgenia Medvedeva

The two-time world champion from Russia. Medvedeva's decision to switch to Orser after the 2018
Olympics was a major event in the figure skating world. The coach worked on refreshing her style and technique, adapting to the changing requirements of the judging system.



### Japanese Training System



The Japanese system actively uses modern technologies for analyzing and improving the techniques of figure skaters. Video analysis, computer modeling, and specialized training equipment have become an integral part of the training process.



#### **Balance of Tradition and Innovation**

Japanese coaches combine traditional methods, including elements of Eastern philosophy and martial arts, with modern scientific approaches, creating a unique training system.



#### **Pursuit of Perfection**

The concept of "kaizen" (continuous improvement) is the foundation of the Japanese approach to training. Skaters work on improving even the smallest details, striving for perfect execution of each element.



#### Teamwork

A whole team of specialists is involved in the preparation of athletes: technical coaches, choreographers, physical trainers, dietitians, and psychologists, providing a comprehensive approach to the development of figure skaters.

## Takahiko Kozuka: Coaching Mastery

From Champion to Mentor
The career of a successful figure skater and the transition to coaching

Technical Perfection
Focus on flawless execution of elements with proper mechanics

Inner Harmony
Developing inner balance and concentration

Takahiko Kozuka, a silver medalist at the World Championships and a multiple Japanese champion, has brought a unique combination of technical precision and deep understanding of the mental aspect of figure skating to his coaching work. After retiring from competitive skating, he dedicated himself to passing on his knowledge to the next generation of figure skaters.

His methodology places particular emphasis on developing proper biomechanics of movements and the inner concentration of athletes, reflecting the influence of Japanese spiritual practices on his approach to training.

## Characteristics of the Asian Figure Skating School

#### **Philosophical Foundation**

The Asian figure skating school deeply integrates Eastern philosophical concepts. Principles of Zen Buddhism, such as mindfulness, being present in the moment, and the unity of body and mind, become part of the training process.

Athletes learn to achieve a state of "flow", where movements are performed naturally and effortlessly, without excessive mental strain. This is particularly helpful in competitive situations that require high concentration.

#### Discipline and Respect

The coach in the Asian system enjoys unquestioned authority, and the relationship between the mentor and the student is built on deep respect and trust. Athletes rarely challenge the coach's decisions and demonstrate a high level of discipline in training.

Particular importance is placed on the formation of the figure skater's character and moral qualities. It is believed that technical mastery is inseparable from the personal growth and spiritual development of the athlete, reflecting a holistic approach to athlete development.

### **European Coaching Schools**

#### French School

Renowned for its artistry and elegance. French coaches place special emphasis on the aesthetics of movements, expressiveness, and skating style. Dance training is a mandatory component of their training.

#### Scandinavian School

training and rehabilitation methodologies. Coaches from the Scandinavian countries place great emphasis on overall athletic preparation and injury prevention.



#### Italian School

Known for its emotionality and theatricality. Italian coaches develop in their skaters the ability to convey strong emotions through movement. Musicality and dramatic interpretation are key aspects of their training.

#### German School

Focuses on technical precision and an analytical approach. German coaches use a scientific approach to the biomechanics of movement and a methodical system of teaching elements.

### Stefan Lambiel: The Swiss School



#### From Star to Mentor

A two-time world champion and Olympic silver medalist, Lambiel has successfully transformed his competitive experience into a unique coaching methodology. His transition from athlete to coach was a natural evolutionary process.



#### Musicality as the Foundation

The central element of Lambiel's philosophy is the deep connection between movement and music. He teaches athletes to "hear with their bodies", developing their ability to physically interpret musical nuances and emotionally resonate with the composition.



Lambiel strives to unlock the individual style of each student, rather than imposing a cookie-cutter approach. He carefully studies the strengths of the figure skaters and creates programs that highlight their unique qualities and artistic potential.

#### Multicultural Approach

Lambiel's training center in Switzerland attracts athletes from around the world. He has created an international environment where skaters from different countries exchange experiences and enrich their skating styles, absorbing various cultural influences.

## Innovative Training Technologies



#### 3D Motion Modeling

Modern coaches use motion capture systems and 3D modeling to analyze technique in detail. Special sensors attached to the skater's body allow creating a digital model of the movements and identifying the slightest deviations from the optimal trajectory.



#### **Smart Apparel**

Intelligent skates with builtin sensors measure
pressure, tilt angle, and
blade position on the ice.
Special suits with sensors
track body position and
grouping during jumps,
providing the coach with
precise information for
adjustments.



#### Virtual Reality

VR technologies allow athletes to practice the mental aspects of their performances. Skaters can virtually "run through" their programs, training spatial thinking and mastering complex choreographic sequences even off-ice.



#### **Support Systems**

Robotic support systems
help safely master multirotation jumps. Safety
mechanisms that regulate
the height of the lift and
the speed of rotation
minimize the risk of injury
when learning complex
elements.

## The Psychological Aspect of Athlete Preparation



Elite coaches recognize that psychological preparation is as important as physical and technical training. They actively incorporate modern psychological techniques into the training process. Methods include visualization, meditation, cognitive-behavioral techniques, and setting specific measurable goals.

Particular emphasis is placed on developing "mental toughness" - the ability to maintain high concentration and cope with pressure throughout the competitive season.

## Tactical Secrets of Top Coaches

#### Strategic Season Planning

Elite coaches carefully plan each competitive season, identifying peak competitions and structuring the training schedule to ensure the athlete reaches optimal form for the most important events. This includes calculating workloads, rest periods, and a schedule of test performances.

## In-Season Program Adjustments

Great coaches continuously analyze judges' feedback and refine their athletes' programs, strengthening successful elements and modifying less successful components. They thoroughly study competition protocols and technical specialist feedback.

#### Performance Energy Management

Experienced mentors teach athletes to distribute energy throughout the program, identifying the most critical moments for maximum focus. They develop specialized recovery techniques between elements and strategies to conserve strength for the second half of the program.



## Physiological Foundations of Training

#### **Energy Systems**

Figure skating requires the simultaneous work of all three energy systems of the body. The anaerobic alactic system provides energy for explosive elements like jumps, the anaerobic lactic system supports high-intensity work throughout the program, and the aerobic system provides overall endurance.

Elite coaches develop specialized training protocols to develop each of these systems, taking into account the individual athlete's metabolic characteristics and the demands of the specific program.

#### **Neuromuscular Coordination**

The complex technical elements of figure skating require exceptional neuromuscular coordination. Coaches utilize principles of motor learning and neuroplasticity to optimize the training process.

The methodology includes breaking down complex movements into components, creating the right neural connections through repetition in perfect technique, and gradually increasing the speed and complexity of the elements. Particular attention is paid to the alternation of load and rest regimes to consolidate skills.



## Nutrition and Recovery Techniques



#### Personalized Diet

Individualized nutrition based on the athlete's metabolism, training regimen, and genetic characteristics

#### Hydration

Special protocols for replenishing fluids and electrolytes before, during, and after workouts

#### **Sleep Optimization**

Scientific approach to sleep patterns and techniques to improve sleep quality for maximum regeneration

#### Physiotherapy Techniques

Comprehensive use of massage, cryotherapy, compression technologies, and other recovery methods

### Working with Young Athletes

#### **Q** Fostering a Love for Sports

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Great coaches begin by instilling a genuine love for figure skating in children. They create a positive environment where learning happens through play and the joy of movement, laying the foundation for long-term motivation.

#### **Considering Anatomical Differences**

Coaches closely monitor the physical development of children, especially during periods of rapid growth. Workloads and technical requirements are adapted to account for the changing body proportions and biomechanics of the young athlete.

#### 2 Developing Fundamental Skills

In the early stages, the focus is on developing the perfect technique of basic elements: edges, turns, and three-turns. This creates a solid foundation for future technical growth and minimizes the risk of reinforcing incorrect movement patterns.

#### 4 Psychological Safety

Creating an environment where children are not afraid to make mistakes and experiment is critical for development. The best coaches strike a balance between demanding and supportive, fostering a healthy psychology in young athletes.

## Modern Technologies in Figure Skating Training









World-leading coaches are actively implementing advanced technologies in the training process. Biomechanical analysis systems now provide instant feedback on the technique of elements. Special sensors measure jump height, air time, rotation speed, and even weight distribution upon landing.

Virtual and augmented reality are used to visualize the ideal technique and create mental models of movements. Intelligent feedback-enabled training equipment helps athletes feel the correct body position during the execution of complex elements.

## Biomechanical Movement Analysis

#### Component-wise Analysis of Jumps

Modern coaches break down each jump into phases: approach, preparation, takeoff, aerial rotation, landing, and exit. For each phase, optimal biomechanical parameters are determined and then compared to the athlete's actual execution.

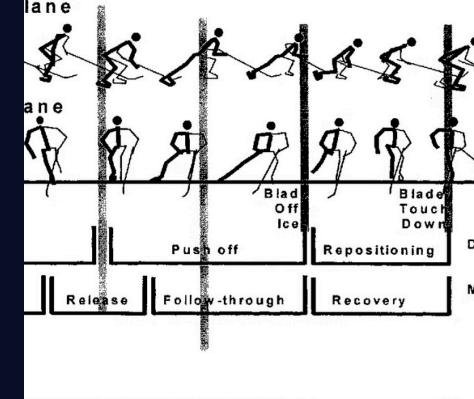
#### **Movement Optimization**

Based on the data collected, the coach develops individualized recommendations to refine the technique. The athlete's body type, proportions, and physical characteristics are taken into account to find the most efficient mechanics of movement for that individual.

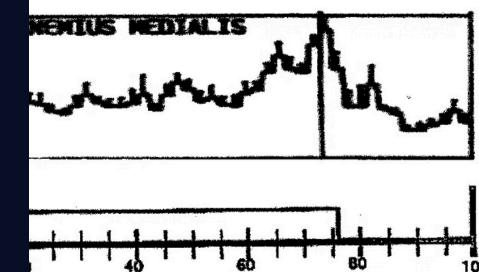
#### **Integration of Corrections**

Changes to the technique are introduced gradually, using specialized exercises to develop new motor patterns.

Coaches apply principles of differentiated learning and motor programming to reinforce the optimal biomechanics.



e	Active Eccentric	Active Concentric (ankle plantar	Inactive
	(knee extension)	flexion)	





## Video analytics as a coach's tool

#### Analysis with highspeed filming

Elite coaches use cameras that shoot at speeds up to 1000 frames per second, allowing them to closely examine the phases of jumps and rotations that are not visible to the naked eye. This makes it possible to detect even the slightest deviations in technique and make targeted corrections.

#### Comparative analysis

Video analysis software allows coaches to overlay an athlete's performance of elements on reference models or their own previous performances. Coaches can visually demonstrate progress or point out specific aspects that need further refinement.

#### Remote correction

Modern technologies allow coaches to work with athletes remotely. Skaters record their training sessions, send the video to their coach, who then analyzes it and provides recommendations, which is particularly valuable when preparing in different geographical locations.

### Psychological Preparation of Athletes

#### Concentration

Developing the ability to maintain focus in stressful conditions

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#### Mindfulness

Practices of being present in the moment and controlling thoughts

#### Psychological Resilience

Developing the ability to quickly recover from setbacks

#### Stress Management

Techniques for regulating emotional state

Elite coaches integrate psychological preparation into the daily training process. They teach athletes techniques of controlled breathing for regulating arousal levels, methods of positive self-talk, and develop skills of visualizing successful performance. Particular attention is paid to creating individualized pre-competition rituals that help athletes enter an optimal psychological state.

### Methods of Motivation and Unlocking Potential

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### **Setting Inspiring Goals**

World-class coaches masterfully formulate goals that are both ambitious and achievable. They break down long-term tasks into specific intermediate steps, creating a sense of progress and maintaining the athlete's motivation.

2

#### **Instilling Meaning**

Great mentors help athletes find personal meaning in figure skating beyond medals and achievements. They connect the training process to the skater's core values, creating a sustainable intrinsic motivation.

3

### Individualized Approach to Motivation

Elite coaches understand that each athlete's motivational triggers are unique. They carefully study what inspires a particular student - competitive spirit, creative self-expression, perfectionism, or public recognition.

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#### **Developing Independence**

Gradually, coaches transfer more and more responsibility for the training process to the athletes, developing their autonomy. This increases intrinsic motivation and prepares the skaters to make independent decisions in competitions.

### Burnout Among Coaches

#### Risk Factors

The work of an elite coach is associated with immense emotional strain. Constant pressure of expectations, irregular work hours, high responsibility, and an intense competitive schedule can lead to chronic stress and emotional exhaustion.

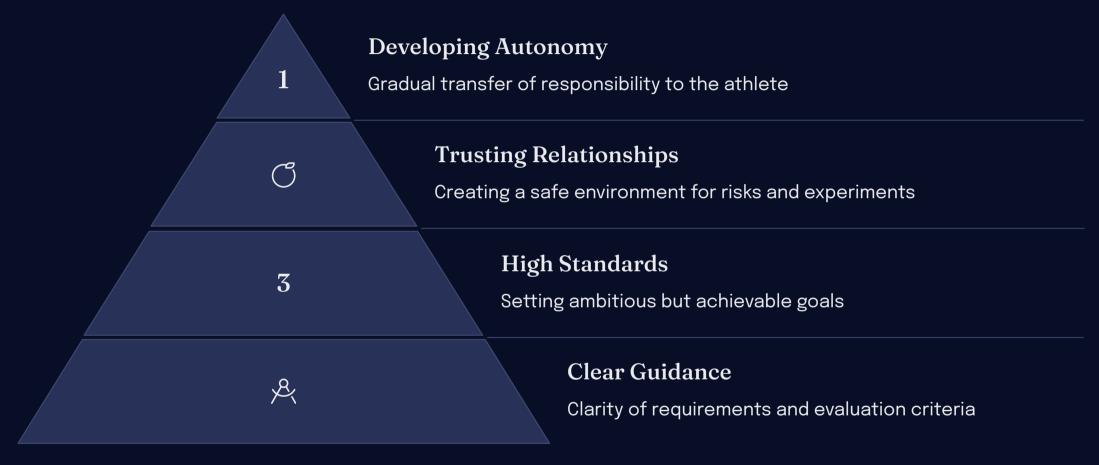
Coaches working with top-level athletes, where Olympic medals and other high achievements are at stake, are particularly vulnerable. The lack of boundaries between professional and personal life exacerbates the situation, as many coaches are completely absorbed in their work.

#### **Prevention Strategies**

Recognizing the risks, leading experts focus on maintaining a psychological balance. They practice regular rest, including full vacations outside the competitive season, and allocate time for recovery between intensive training cycles.

Successful coaches build a professional team, delegating some responsibilities to assistants, choreographers, and other specialists. Many seek support from professional psychologists or coaches for supervision of their work, acknowledging the importance of caring for their own mental health.

### Balancing Demandingness and Support



Great coaches find a delicate balance between strictness and empathy. They set high demands, but at the same time create an emotionally safe environment where the athlete can take risks, make mistakes, and learn from them. Research shows that the most effective mentors combine unyielding standards with unconditional acceptance of the athlete's personality.

### Individualized Approach to Each Athlete

### Physiological Individualization

Elite coaches consider the physical characteristics of each athlete: body proportions, muscle composition, flexibility, explosive power. For each figure skater, a unique biomechanics of jumps and other technical elements is developed, corresponding to their anatomy.



World-class coaches study the emotional reactions of their students and adapt their communication accordingly. They know which athletes need emotional support before a performance, and who is better off being motivated into a competitive mindset.

### **Cognitive Learning Styles**

Great mentors adapt the way they explain material to the individual student's information processing style. Visual learners are provided with video materials and demonstrations, auditory learners receive detailed verbal instructions, and kinesthetic learners are taught through the physical sensation of movement.



### **Individualized Programs**

Successful coaches create programs that highlight the strengths of a particular figure skater and mask their weaknesses. They select music and imagery that resonate with the athlete's personality and allow them to fully unlock their potential.

### Team Building in Coaching

#### Head Coach

Responsible for the overall training strategy, technical aspects, and competitive programs. Coordinates the entire team of specialists and maintains direct contact with the athlete.

### **Sports Psychologist**

Works on mental resilience, concentration, and motivation.

Helps the athlete cope with pressure and develop the psychological skills necessary for peak performances.



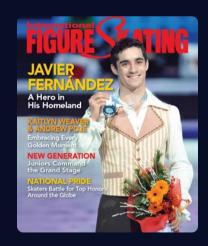
### Choreographer

Creates programs, develops images, and works on expressiveness, artistry, and musical interpretation. Collaborates with the head coach to integrate technical elements into the choreography.

#### Fitness Specialist

Develops an individualized program for general and specific physical preparation. Focuses on developing the strength, flexibility, coordination, and endurance required for technical elements.

### International Exchange of Coaching Expertise









The globalization of figure skating has led to an active international exchange of coaching methodologies. Leading experts regularly conduct seminars and master classes in different countries, sharing their knowledge and experience. The international coaching symposia organized by the ISU have become an important platform for exchanging innovative approaches and discussing trends in the development of the sport.

Many world-class coaches work in an international environment, where there is a mutual enrichment of various national schools. This openness and collaboration contribute to the continuous evolution of training methods and the overall improvement of figure skating worldwide.

### The Role of the Coach in Modern Sports

#### The Transformation of the Coach's Role

In modern figure skating, the coach acts not only as a technical specialist, but also as a manager, psychologist, mentor, and often as a second family for the athlete. The expansion of functions requires coaches to continuously develop competencies in various fields.

The ability to coordinate the work of a team of specialists, creating an effective ecosystem around the athlete, has become particularly important. The coach becomes a central figure, integrating the contributions of choreographers, physical training specialists, psychologists, nutritionists, and other professionals.

### Adaptation to Changes

The modern ISU judging system is constantly evolving, which requires coaches to be flexible and able to quickly adapt programs and methodologies. Great mentors closely monitor trends and predict the directions of development in the sport.

The growing role of social media and the commercial component have also changed the reality of the coach's work. Many specialists are forced to consider not only the sports, but also the marketing aspects in the preparation of athletes, helping them to form a public image.

### **Ethical Aspects of Coaching**

### Responsibility to the Athlete

Outstanding coaches prioritize the well-being of the figure skater above all else, including medals and results. They make decisions with the long-term interests of the athlete in mind, their physical and psychological health, even if this may lead to a short-term decline in performance.

### Creating a Safe Environment

Modern elite coaches
recognize the importance of
creating a psychologically
safe space for training. They
eliminate practices of
emotional pressure,
humiliation or manipulation,
instead creating an
atmosphere of respect and
support.

### **Balancing Ambitions and Capabilities**

Great mentors find the golden mean between the pursuit of high achievements and a realistic assessment of the athlete's abilities. They do not force development for the sake of quick results if this can lead to injuries or psychological problems in the future.



### Innovations in Teaching Methodologies



#### Science-Based Approach

Leading coaches rely on the latest research in sports science, neurophysiology, and psychology. They constantly update their methods in accordance with scientific discoveries about the mechanisms of motor learning and sports improvement.



### **Individualized Trajectories**

Innovative coaches move away from template-based learning, developing personalized development programs for each athlete. They take into account body type, speed of element acquisition, psychological characteristics, and even genetic predispositions of figure skaters.



### **Integrative Approach**

Modern methods view the athlete as a holistic system. The training process combines physical, technical, tactical, psychological, and even spiritual preparation into a single complex, where all components are interconnected and interdependent.



### Objective Feedback

Innovative methods include instant biological feedback systems that allow the athlete to receive objective information about the execution of elements. This accelerates the learning process and improves the effectiveness of technical work.



### Sports Science and Figure Skating

### Biomechanical Analysis

Modern coaches collaborate with scientific laboratories to create accurate biomechanical models of movements in figure skating. Using motion capture systems and computer simulation, they determine the optimal parameters for jumps, spins, and other elements.

### **Physiological Testing**

Regular testing of athletes'
physiological parameters allows
coaches to obtain objective data on
the state of various body systems.
Based on this information, training
programs, load regimes, and recovery
processes are adjusted.

### Neurocognitive Research

The latest research in neuroscience helps coaches understand how the brain processes and remembers complex motor skills. This allows for the optimization of the learning process for technical elements and the development of more effective training methods.

### The Future of Coaching Mastery

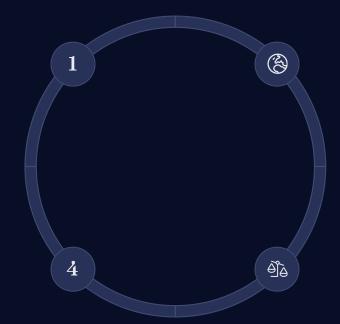
### **Hyper-Personalization**

The future of coaching methodology lies in the ultimate individualization of training. Genetic analysis, continuous monitoring of physiological indicators, and advanced analytics will enable the creation of unique training programs that perfectly match the biological profile of each athlete.

#### **Career Extension**

increase the duration of the competitive careers of figure skaters.

The focus will shift to long-term development and health preservation, allowing athletes to reach their peak performance at a more mature age.



#### **Global Teams**

The coaching teams of the future will become truly international, bringing together specialists from different countries and schools. Thanks to digital technologies, athletes will be able to work simultaneously with the best experts in various aspects of training, regardless of their geographical location.

#### Holistic Balance

Increased attention will be paid to the mental health and holistic development of the athlete's personality. The coaches of the future will devote equal attention to the physical, psychological, and even spiritual aspects of training, striving for the harmonious development of the person, not just the athlete.

### Artificial Intelligence Technologies in Sports



### Predictive Analytics

Artificial intelligence systems analyze thousands of training and performance parameters, identifying patterns and trends invisible to the human eye. This allows them to predict potential problems and injury risks long before they occur.



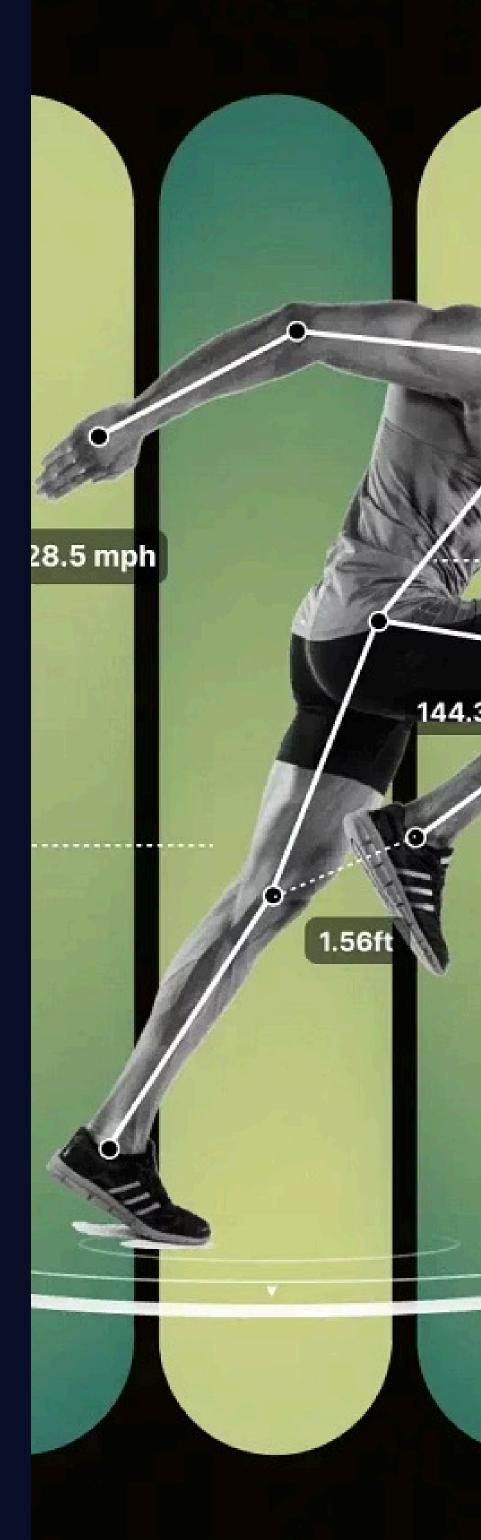
### Virtual Assistants

Al coaches complement the work of human coaches, providing instant feedback during training. They analyze technique in real-time, comparing it to optimal movement models, and suggest specific corrections.

### 01 10

## Program Optimizatio

Machine learning algorithms help create programs with optimal element placement, taking into account energy expenditure, the athlete's physiological characteristic s, and the requirements of the judging system.

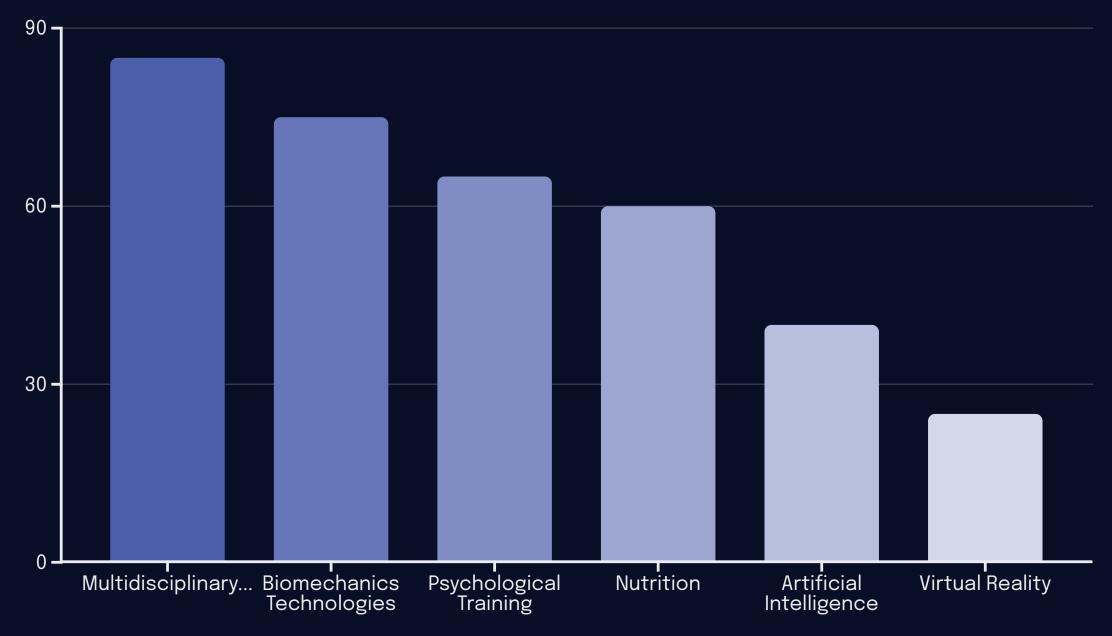


### Augmented Reality

Augmented reality technologies allow visualizing the ideal execution of elements during training, creating "holographic" samples that the athlete can synchronize their movements

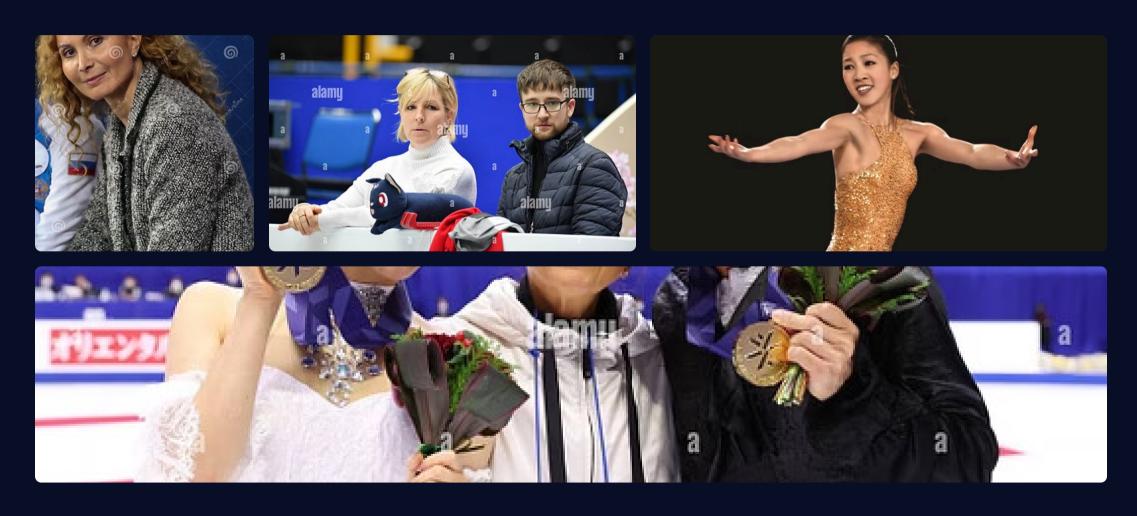
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### Global Trends in Figure Skating Training



Global trends in figure skating training reflect a shift towards a more comprehensive approach and active implementation of scientific methods. The multidisciplinary approach, which combines the work of various specialists, has become the standard for leading figure skating schools. Biomechanical analysis technologies have also gained widespread use, allowing for the optimization of technique.

### Women Coaches in Global Figure Skating



Women coaches make a tremendous contribution to the development of global figure skating, bringing a unique perspective and approaches to coaching expertise. From Tamara Moskvina and Eteri Tutberidze in Russia to Tracy Wilson in Canada and Ravi Walia in the USA, women demonstrate outstanding results at the highest levels of competition.

Research shows that women coaches often possess a special talent for empathy and communication, allowing them to establish deep connections with their students. At the same time, they are not inferior to their male colleagues in technical expertise and strategic thinking, breaking down stereotypes about gender roles in sports coaching.

### Overcoming Gender Barriers

### **Historical Challenges**

For decades, female coaches have faced stereotypes and prejudices, especially when working with male singles skaters and pairs. Many federations and clubs preferred male coaches, considering them more competent in technical aspects and better suited for leadership roles.

#### **Educational Initiatives**

Today, many national federations are launching mentorship programs and educational initiatives aimed at supporting female coaches. These programs help overcome inequality and create favorable conditions for the professional growth of coaches regardless of gender.

#### A New Generation of Leaders

In the last decade, there has been a noticeable increase in the number of female coaches at the highest levels of competition. Pioneers like Eteri Tutberidze and Marina Zoueva have demonstrated that women can be exceptionally successful coaches in all figure skating disciplines, inspiring a new generation.





### International Recognition of Coaching Excellence

1991

60 +

### Year of Hall of Fame Inception

The World Figure Skating Hall of Fame began recognizing outstanding contributions by coaches

#### **Coaches Inducted**

The number of coaches who have received the highest recognition for their contributions to the sport

18

5

#### **Countries Represented**

The geographic reach of the recognized masters of the coaching craft

#### Selection Criteria

Strict standards for induction into the Hall of Fame

### Stories of Success and Inspiration

### 1 — Overcoming Challenges

The story of Eteri Tutberidze shows the power of the human spirit. After an injury that ended her career as a figure skater, she worked in ice shows in the US, sometimes living in extremely cramped conditions.

Returning to Russia, she began her coaching career almost from scratch, without connections or support.

### 2 — Innovative Approach

Rejected by many rinks, Tutberidze found an opportunity to work at the small ice center "Crystal". There, she developed her own training system that challenged the established notions about age-related abilities in mastering complex jumps.

### — Triumph

Her perseverance and innovative approach led to amazing results. Tutberidze's students revolutionized women's single skating, demonstrating an unprecedented level of technical complexity. Julia Lipnitskaya, Evgenia Medvedeva, Alina Zagitova and other of her students won numerous Olympic and world titles.

### Influence and Legacy

Tutberidze's approach, despite controversial assessments, has changed women's figure skating around the world. Her methods are studied and adapted by coaches from different countries, and her system of training young athletes has become the subject of scientific research and professional discussions.

### Personal Growth of the Coach



The greatest figure skating coaches are distinguished by an insatiable thirst for knowledge and a constant striving for improvement. They regularly participate in professional conferences, study new research in the field of sports science, and actively share experiences with colleagues. Many leading experts continue their education in related fields - psychology, biomechanics, physiology - to expand their professional arsenal.

# Contribution to the Development of World Figure Skating

1

#### **Technical Innovations**

Development of new teaching methods for complex elements



### **Educational Programs**

Creation of training systems for coaching personnel



#### **Global Dissemination**

Conducting international seminars and master classes



### **Judging Improvement**

Participation in the development and refinement of evaluation criteria



### Conclusion: The Formula for a Successful Coach



By analyzing the careers and methodologies of outstanding coaches in world-class figure skating, we can identify the key qualities that form the "formula for success". At the core is a genuine love for the sport and deep care for the athletes, which creates a foundation of trust and productive collaboration.

# Perspectives on the Development of Coaching Expertise



#### **Technological Revolution**

The future of coaching expertise will be closely tied to technological innovations. Artificial intelligence, big data, and digital analysis tools will become an integral part of a coach's daily work, allowing for unprecedented personalization of training.



The integration of the best elements of various national figure skating schools will continue. Geographic barriers will become less significant, and international cooperation and exchange of experience between coaches from different countries will reach a new level.

### Holistic Approach

Increased attention will be paid to the overall development of the athlete as a person. Coaches of the future will focus more on maintaining a balance between athletic achievements and the overall well-being of figure skaters, including their mental health, education, and social development.

#### **Ethical Standards**

Particular attention will be paid to the formation and observance of high ethical standards in coaching work. The safety and well-being of athletes, especially young ones, will be a priority in the development of training methods and competitive strategies.